

Cambio climático en los Andes subtropicales (25-45°S): Evidencias y proyecciones

Taller Internacional Cambio Climático en los Andes
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Temario

El Proyecto ACT-19 (2006-2008)

Tendencias Observadas

Proyecciones regionales siglo XXI

Proyecto ACT19. Variabilidad Climática en Chile: Evaluación, Interpretación y Proyecciones

Main scientific questions

- Is the chilean climate changing?
- Which are the characteristics of this change in the global context? Is there evidence of anthropogenic impacts?
- Which are the leading mechanism behind regional climate variability?
- What is the role of the ocean in driving atmospheric variability?

ACT-19 Project. Climate Variability in Chile: Evaluation, interpretation and projections

PIs

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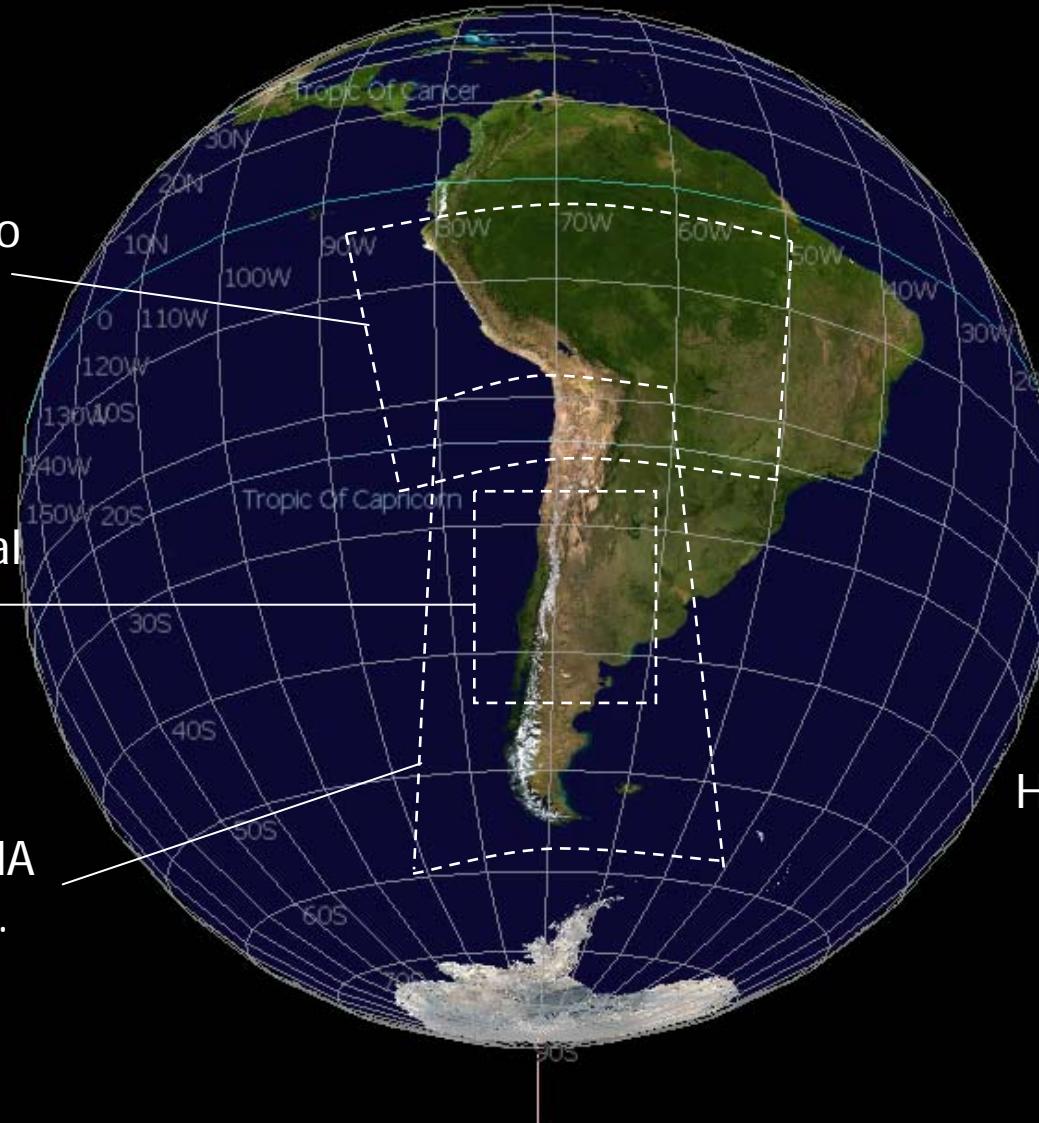
Regional Climate Simulations during ACT-19

All output available via DODs: www.dgf.uchile.cl/ACT19

PRECIS-Altiplano
25 km hor res.

WRF-ChileCentral
15 km hor.res.

PRECIS-CONAMA
25 km hor. Res.



Scenarios:

BL (1960-1990)
A2 (2070-200)
B2 (2070-2100)

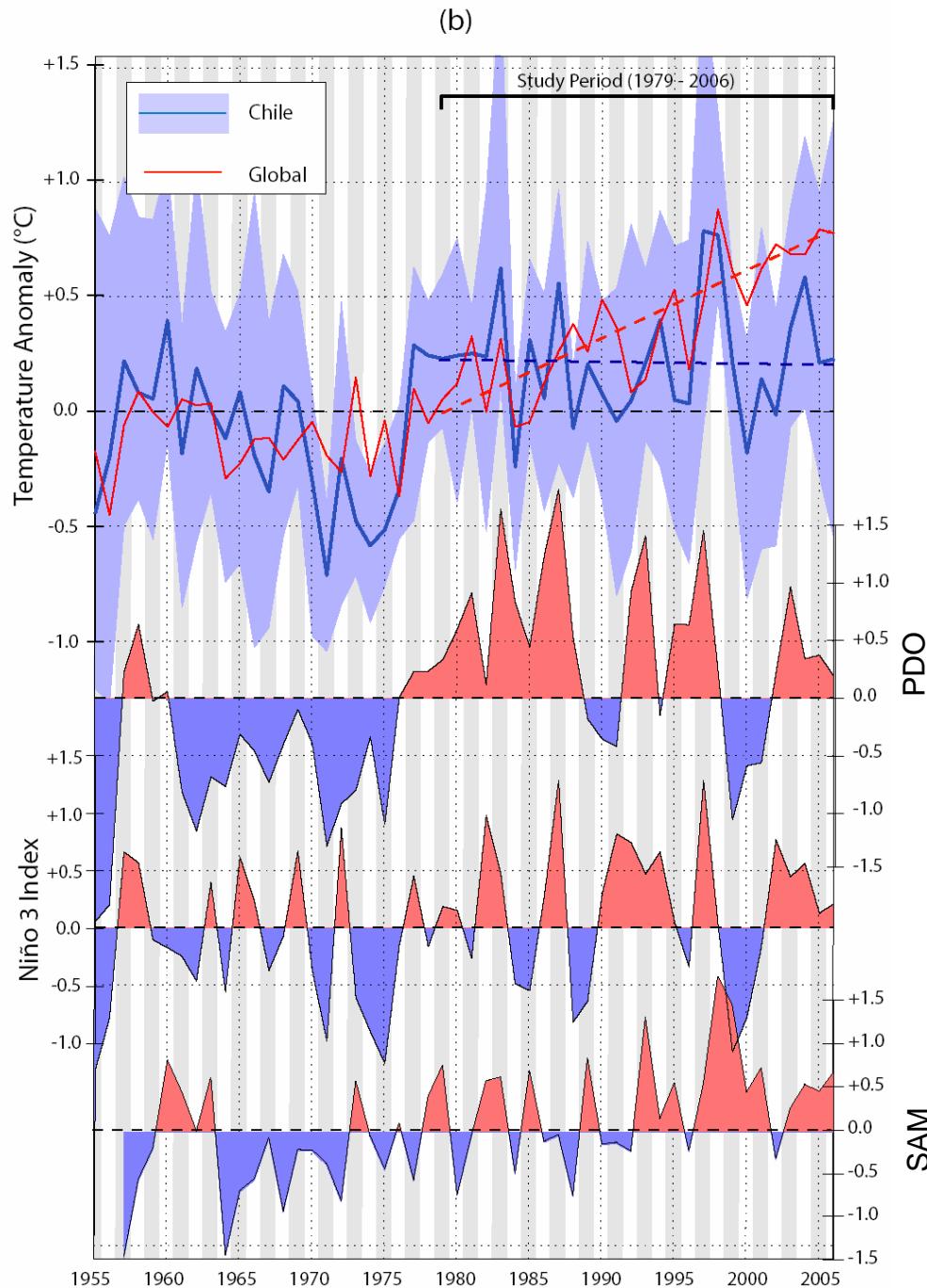
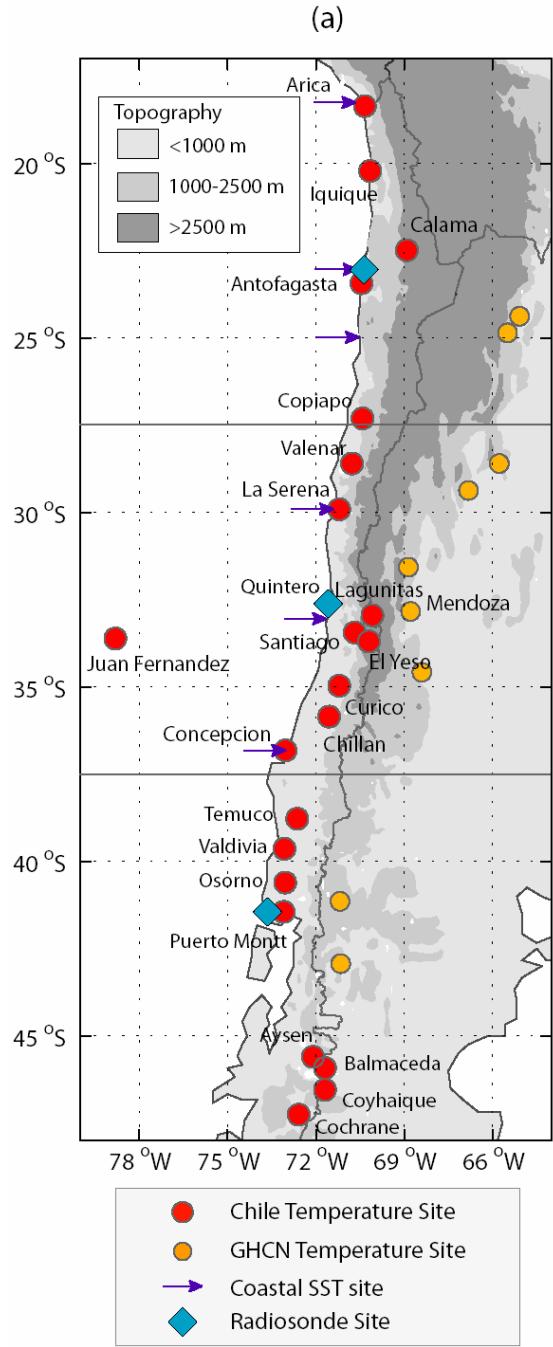
Lateral BC:
HadAM

Surface BC:
HadISST + HadCM3

Outreach Brochure

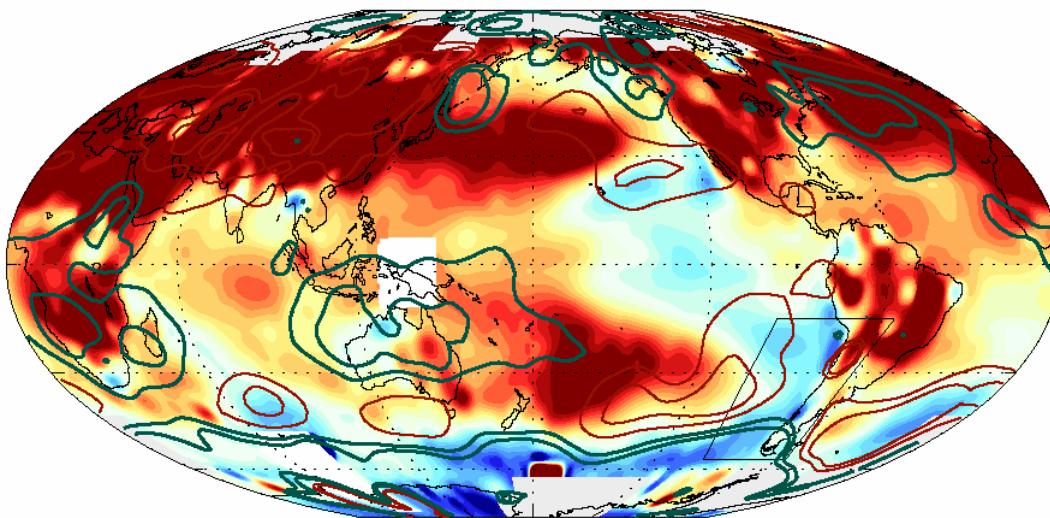


Geographical setting and global context

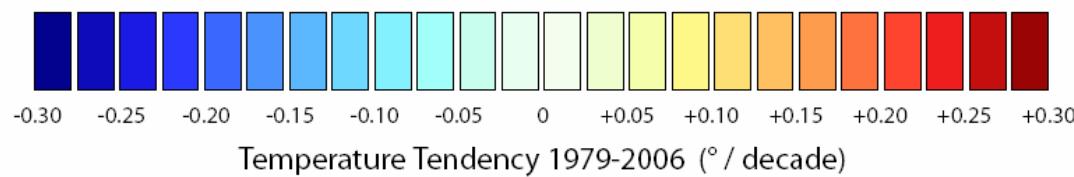
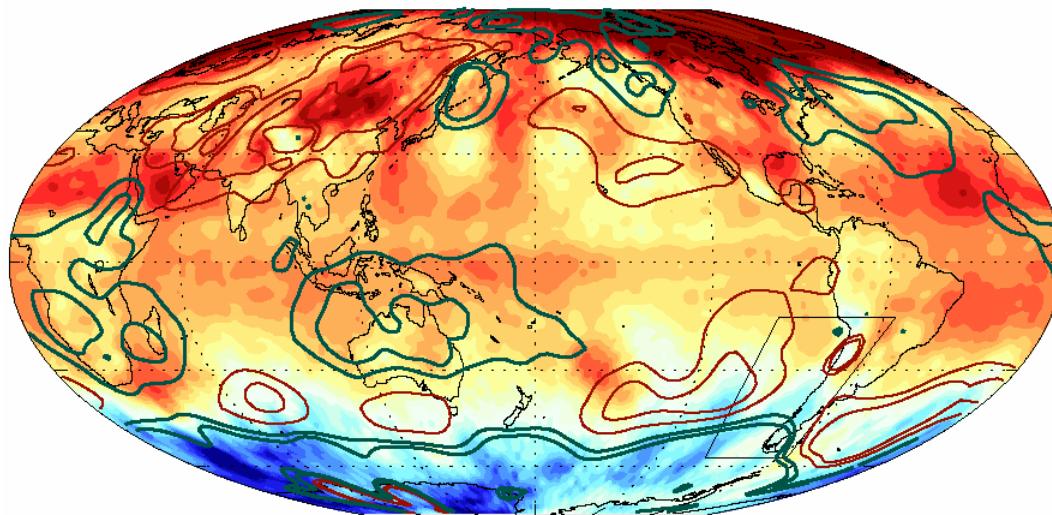


Global Temperature Change 1979-2006

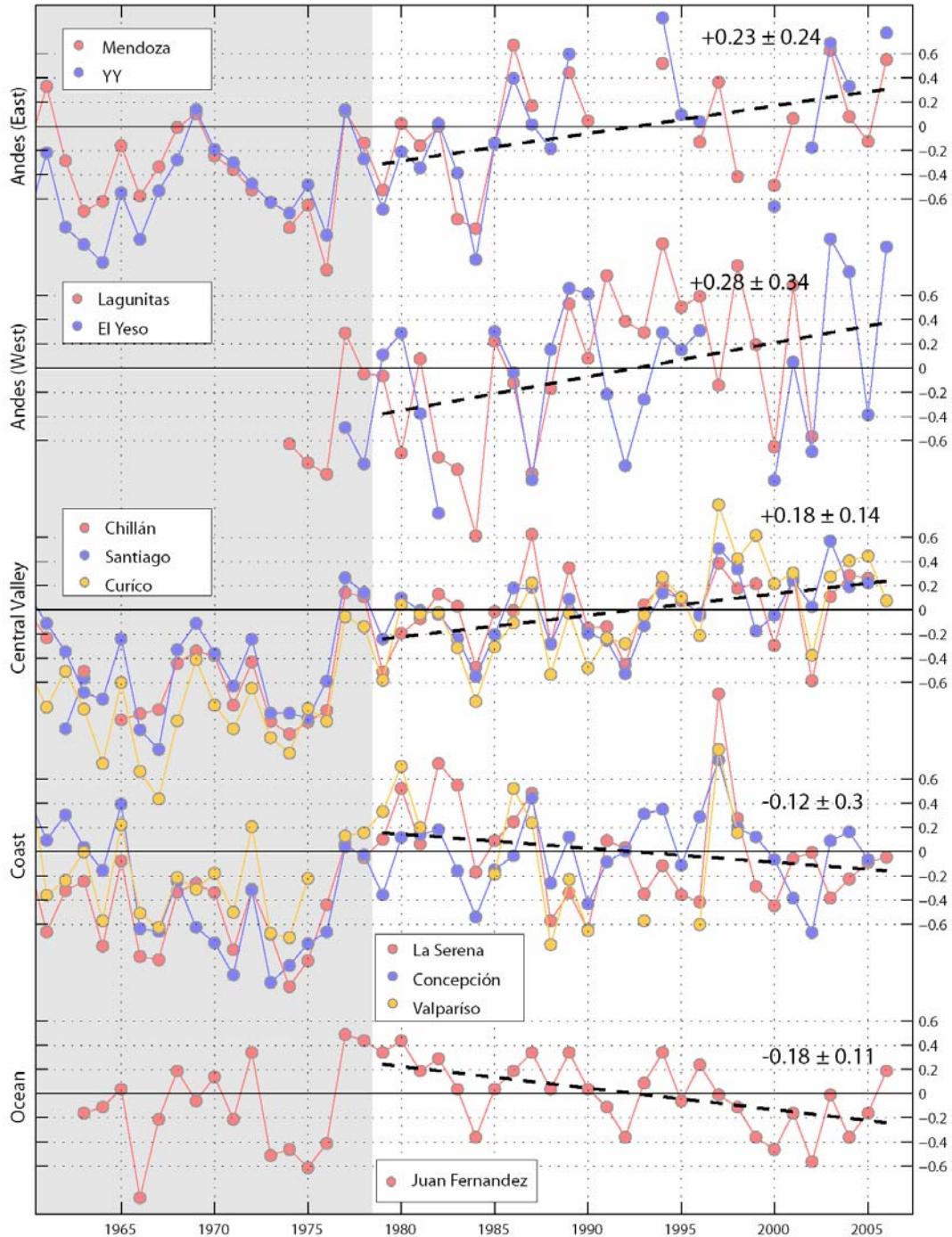
Surface Air Temperature and SST (NCDC)



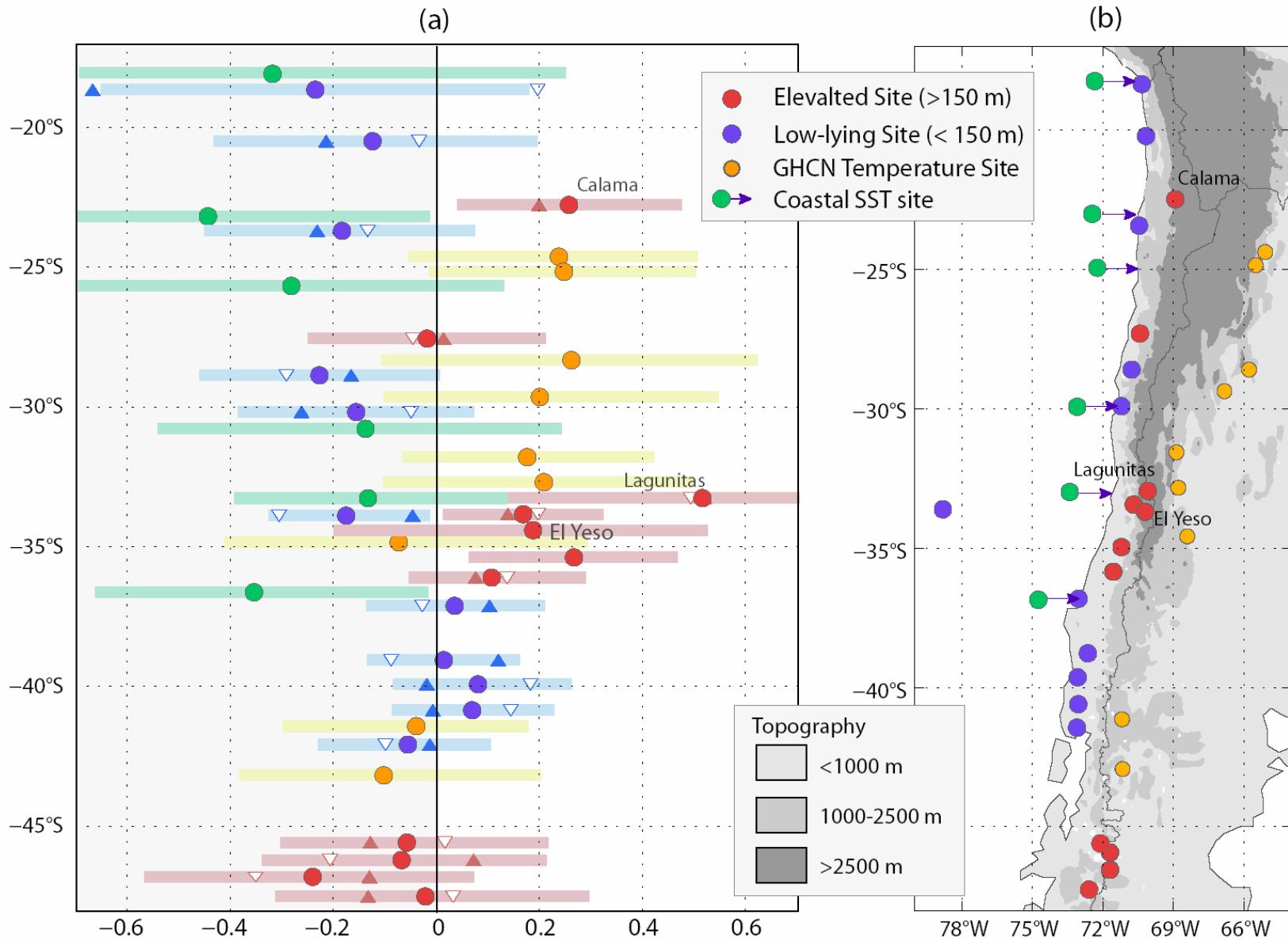
Mid-Troposphere Air Temperature (MSU)



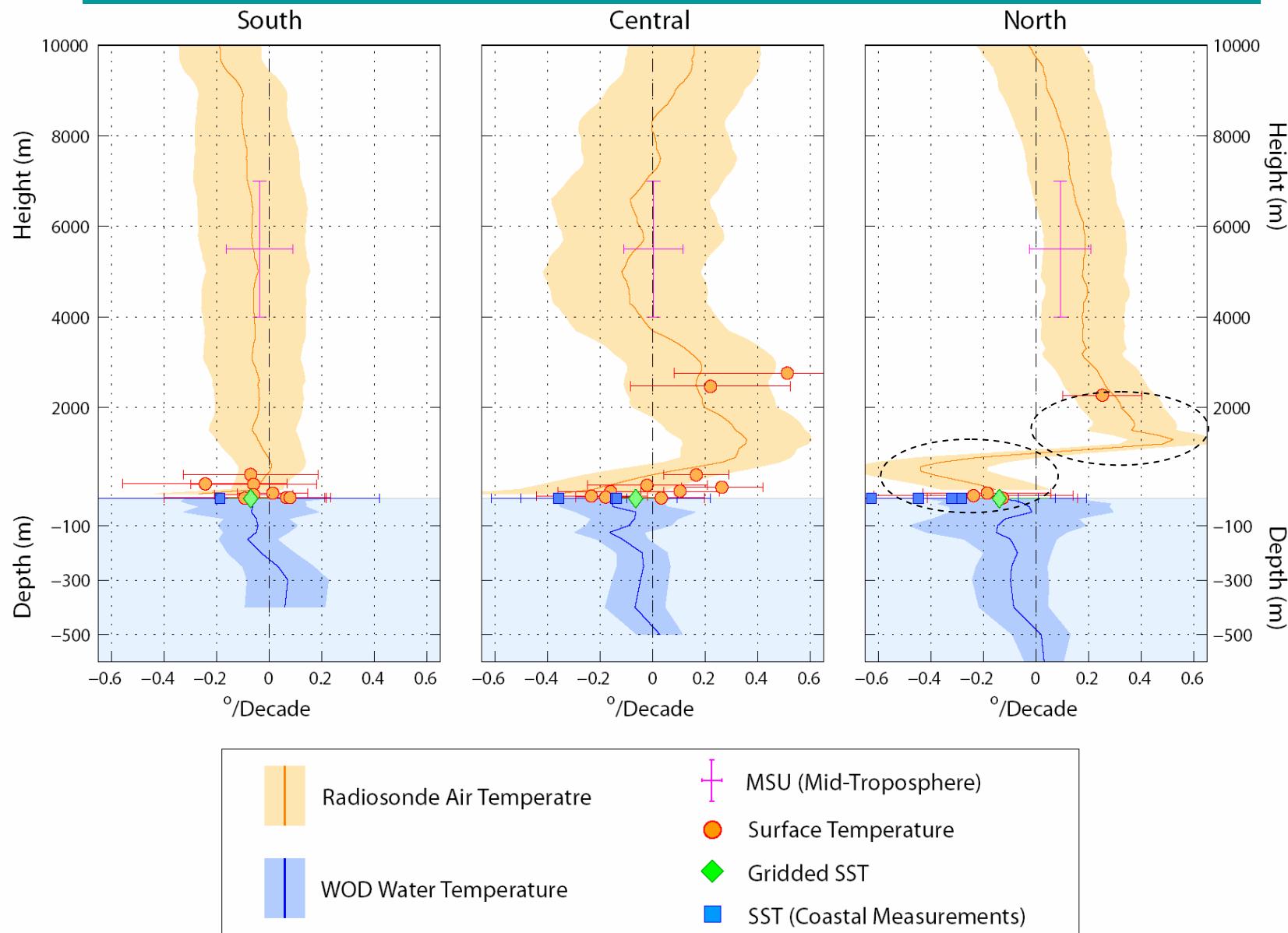
Temperature Changes in Central Chile



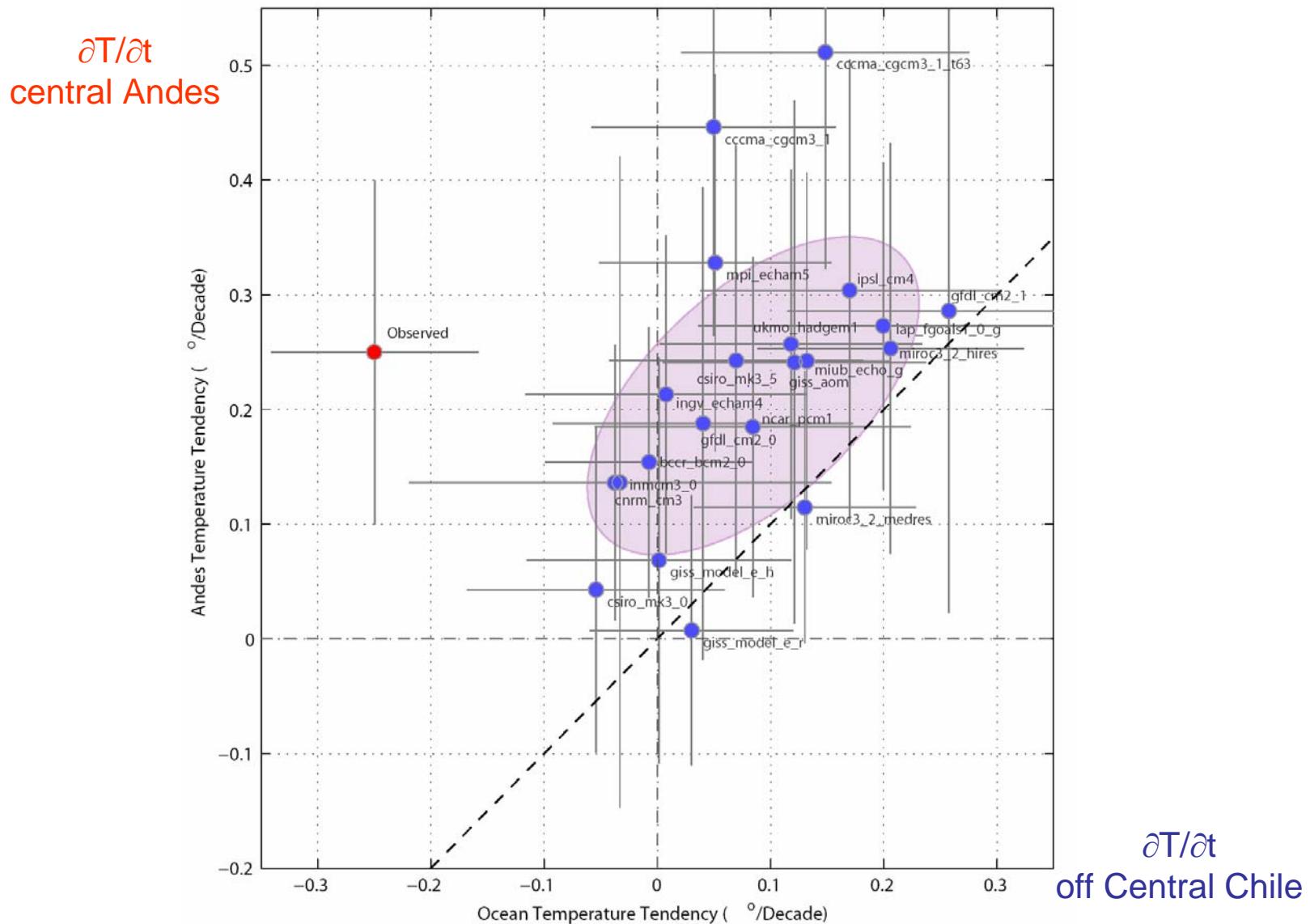
Ocean cooling – land warming along north-central Chile. Pattern reverses farther south



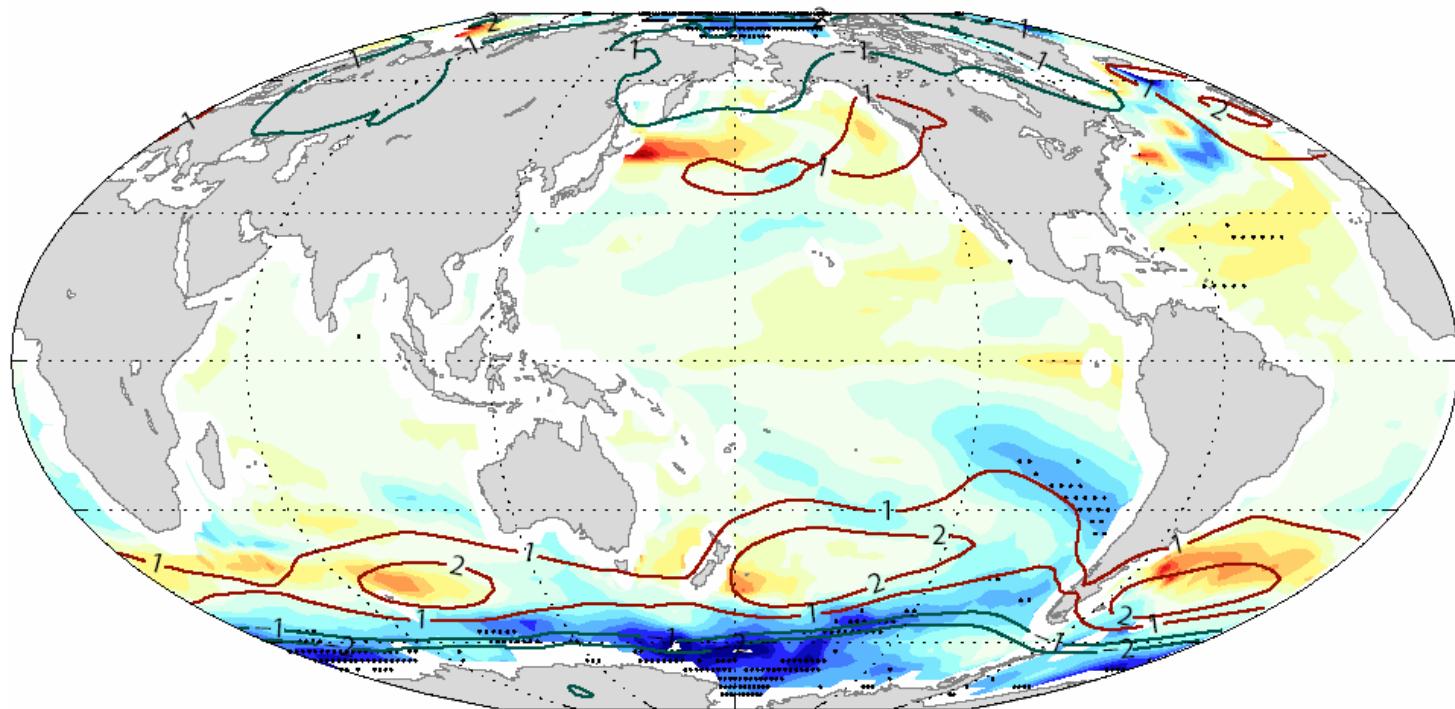
Cooling MBL / warming lower free troposphere → increased lower tropospheric stability Sc?



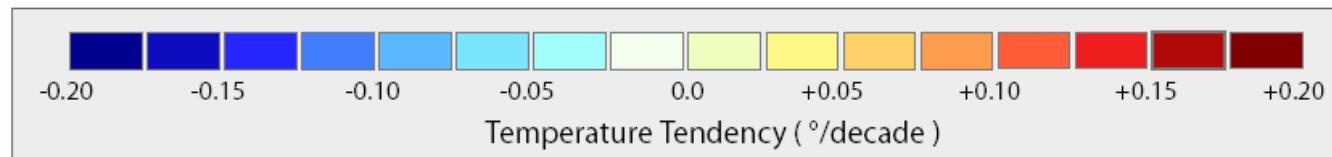
How are the models doing? Not good but no so bad..



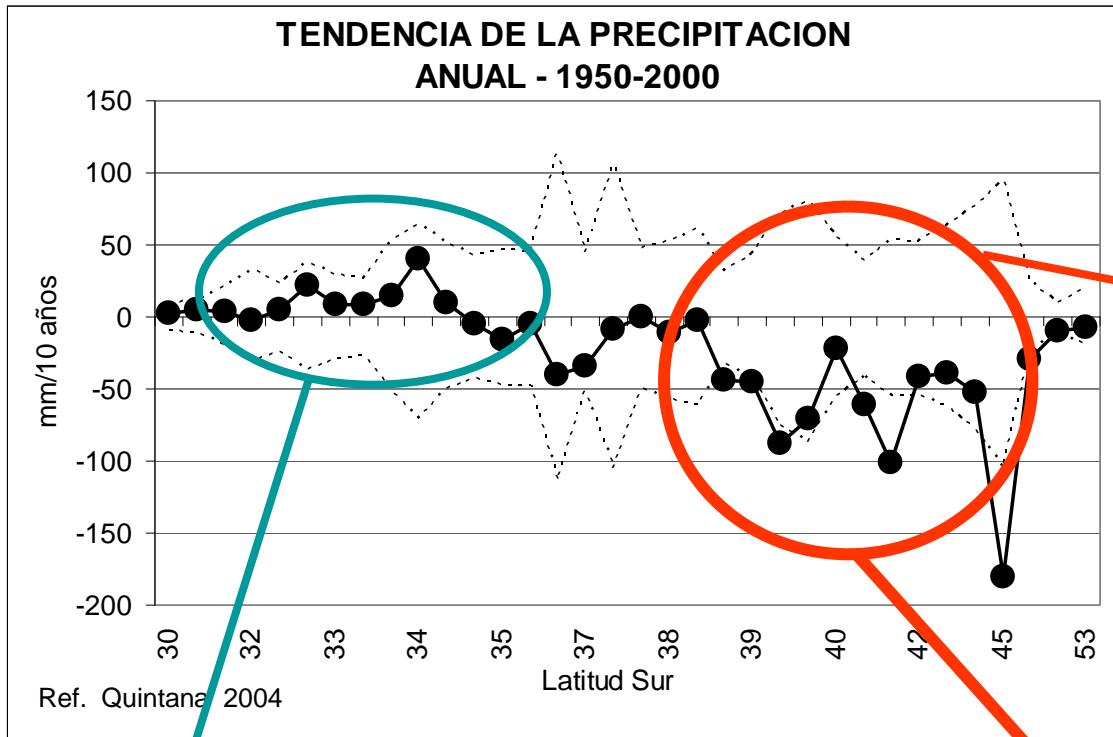
Multimodel mean Regional warming 1970-2000 (SST*). Also shown in contours SLP* trend



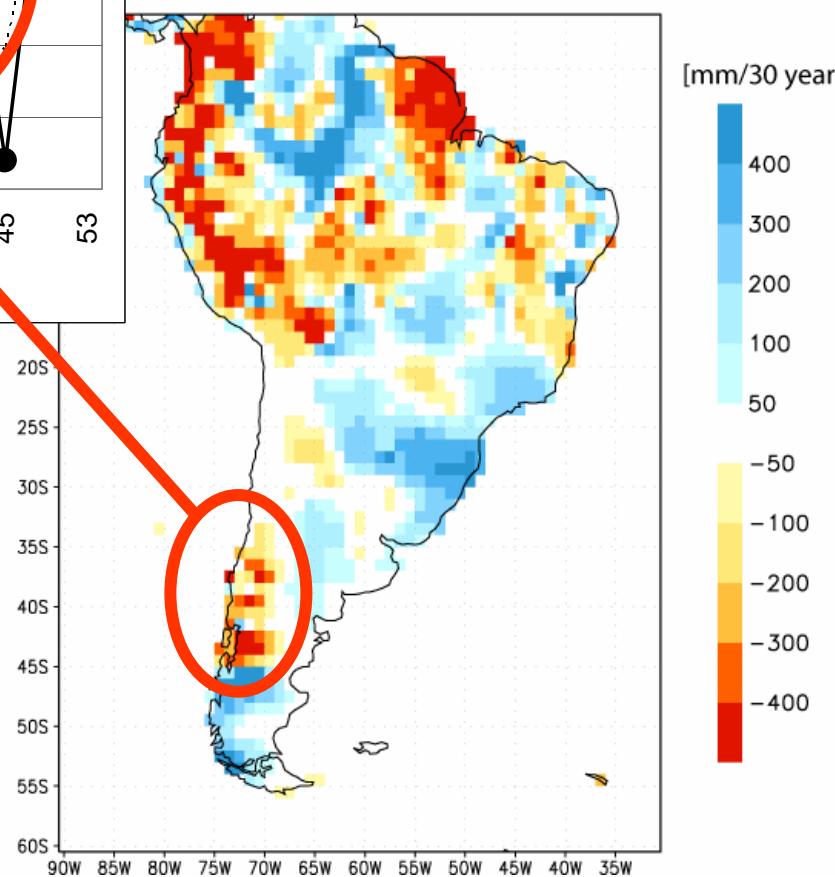
Global mean: +0.2%/dec



Precipitation Changes....warming, drying south

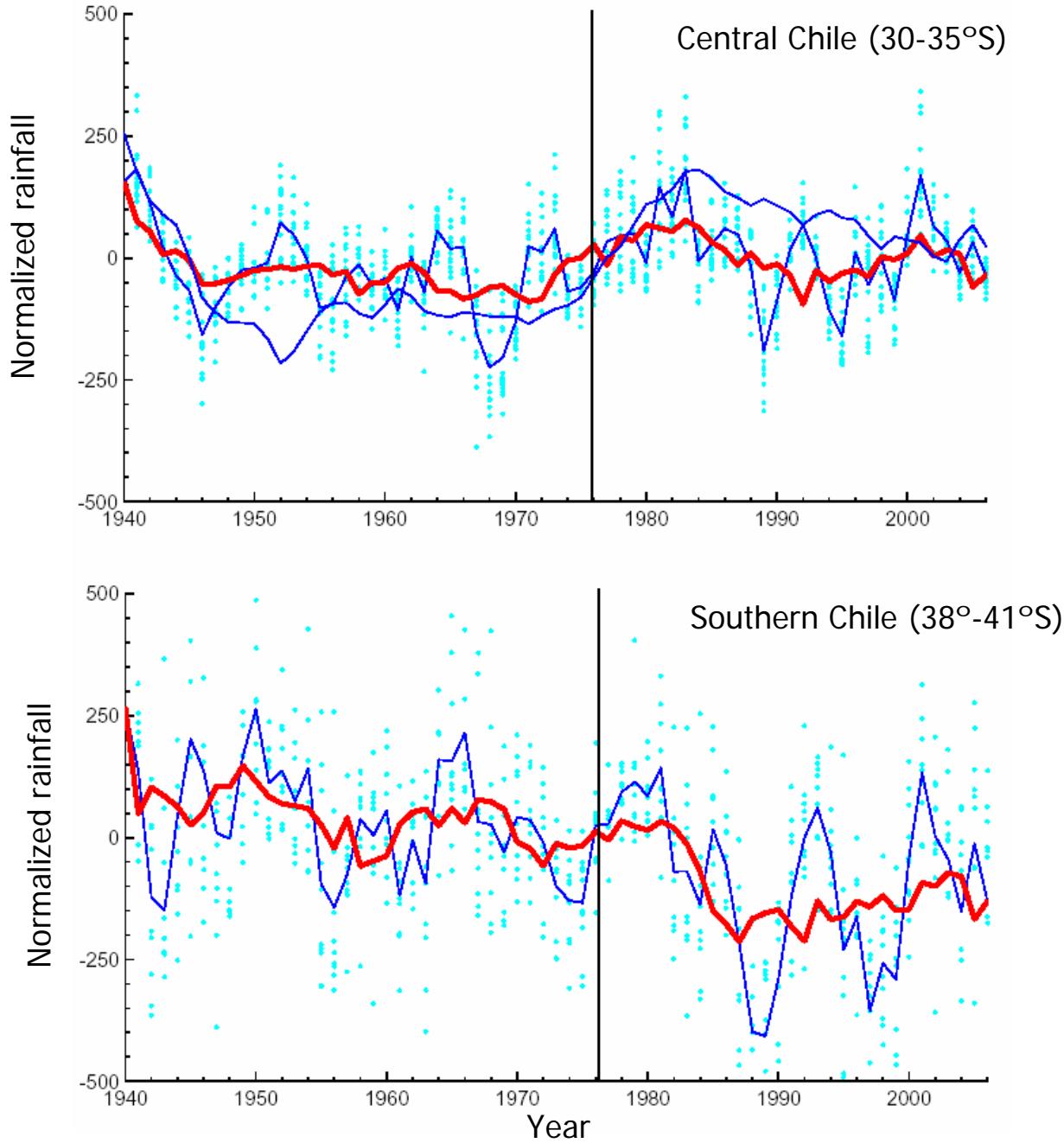


- Rainy climate
- MAP \sim 1000-3000 mm
- $\sigma(\text{IA})/\text{MAP} \sim 0.1$
- Weak ENSO Impact
- Significant drying trend

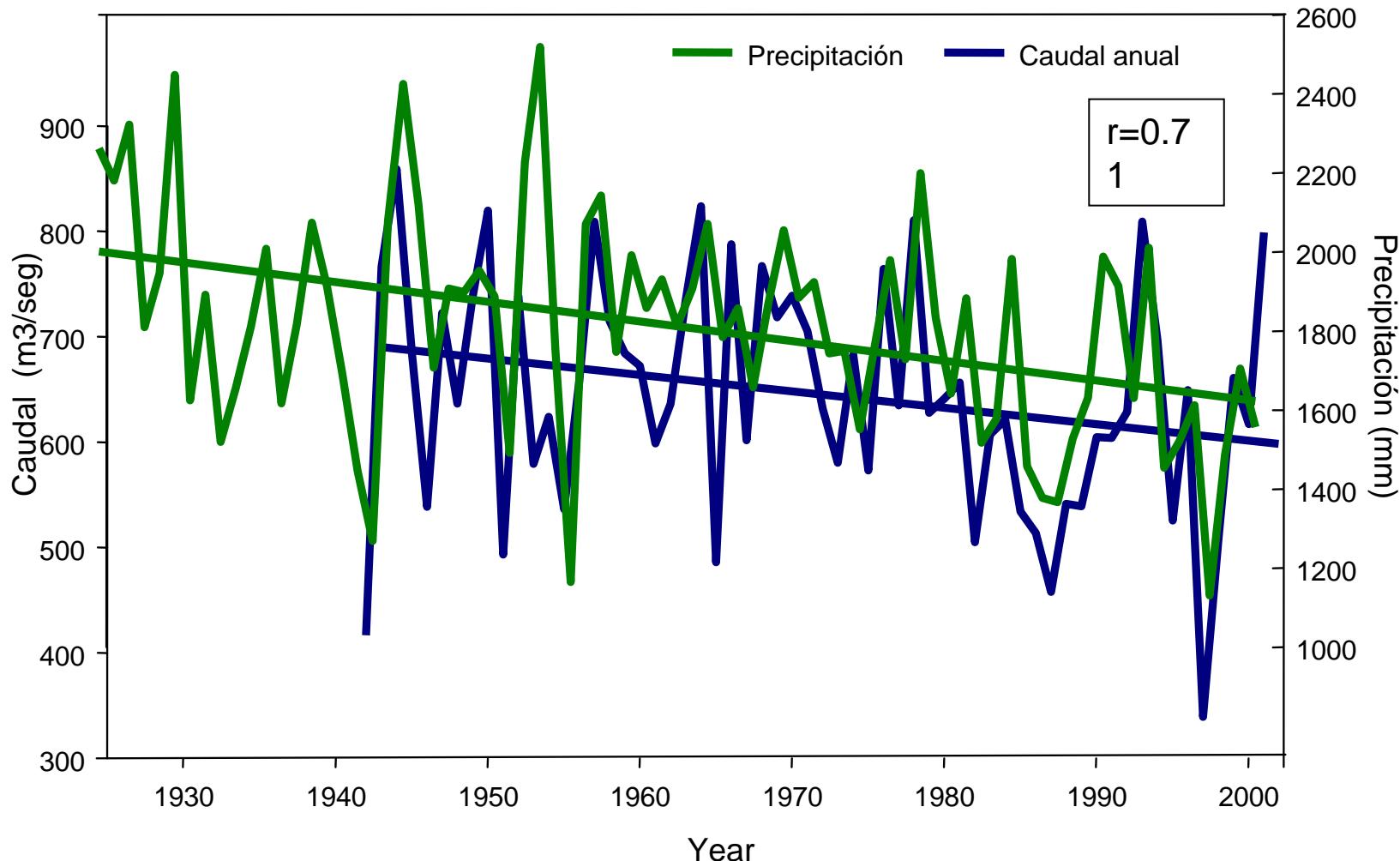


- Semiarid climate
- MAP \sim 30-500 mm
- $\sigma(\text{IA})/\text{MAP} \sim 0.3 - 0.5$
- Strong ENSO Impact
- No significant trend

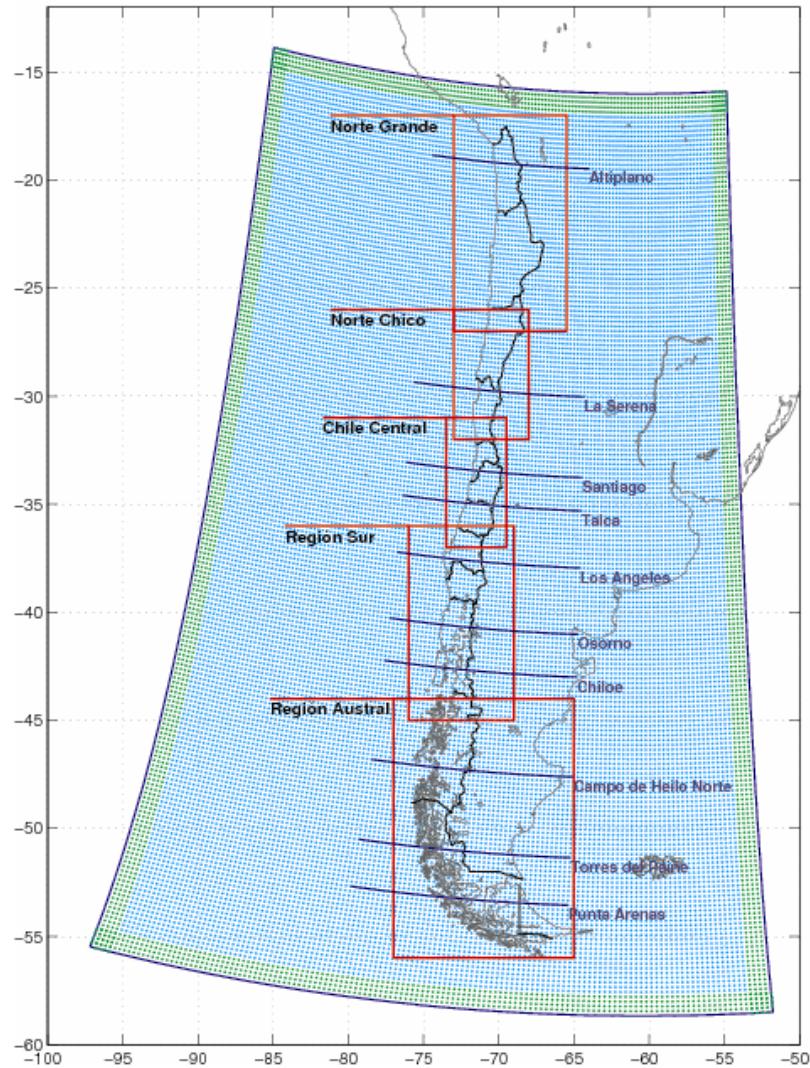
Evolución de las Precipitaciones



Comparación entre la precipitación de Pto. Montt y el caudal del Río Puelo (Fuente: Antonio Lara, UACH)



Regional Simulations of the Future



Model:

- PRECIS – UK

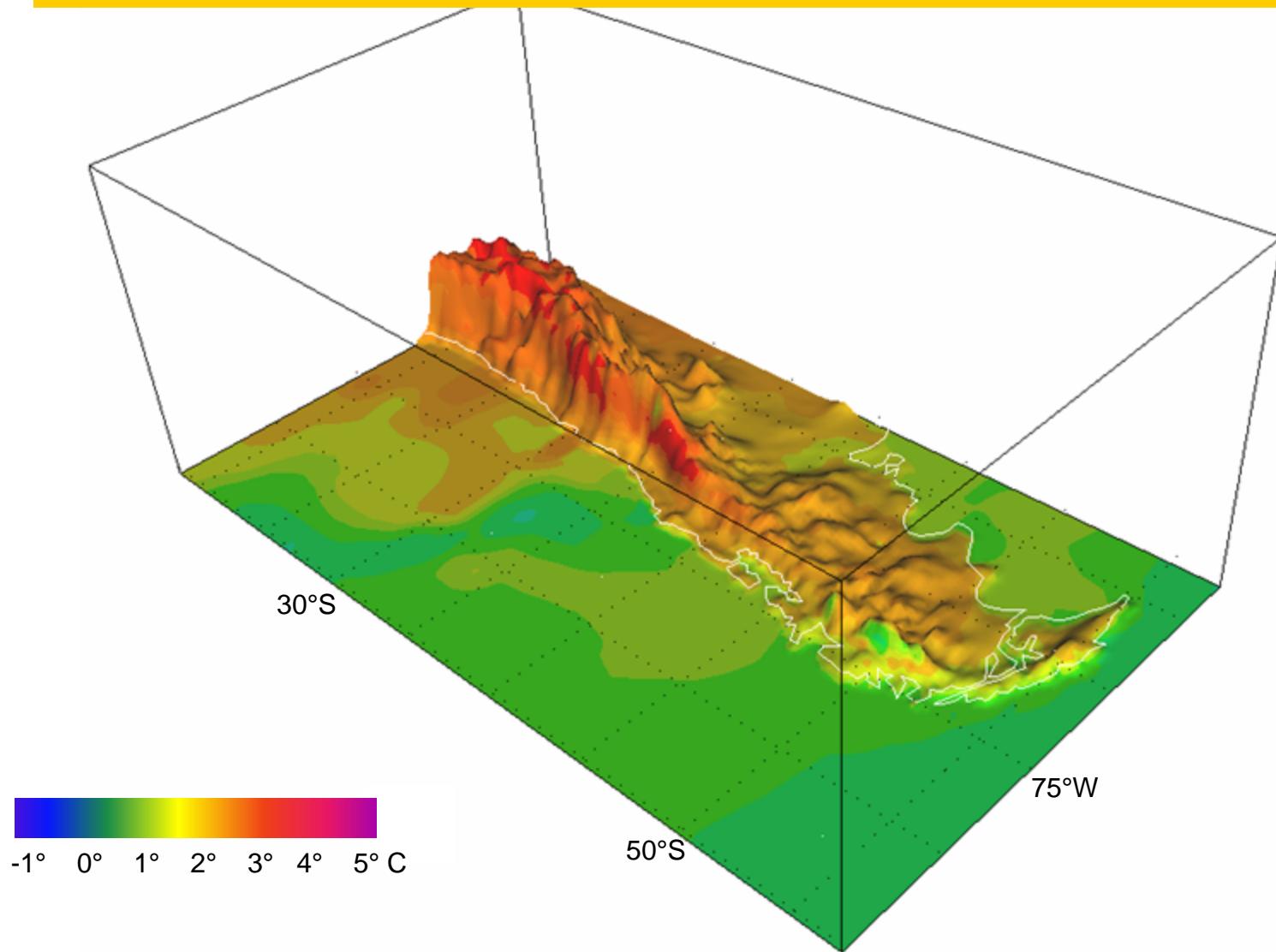
Single domain

- Horiz. grid spacing. 25 km
- 19 vertical levels
- Lateral BC: HadAM every 6h
- Sfc. BC: HadISST1 + Linear trend

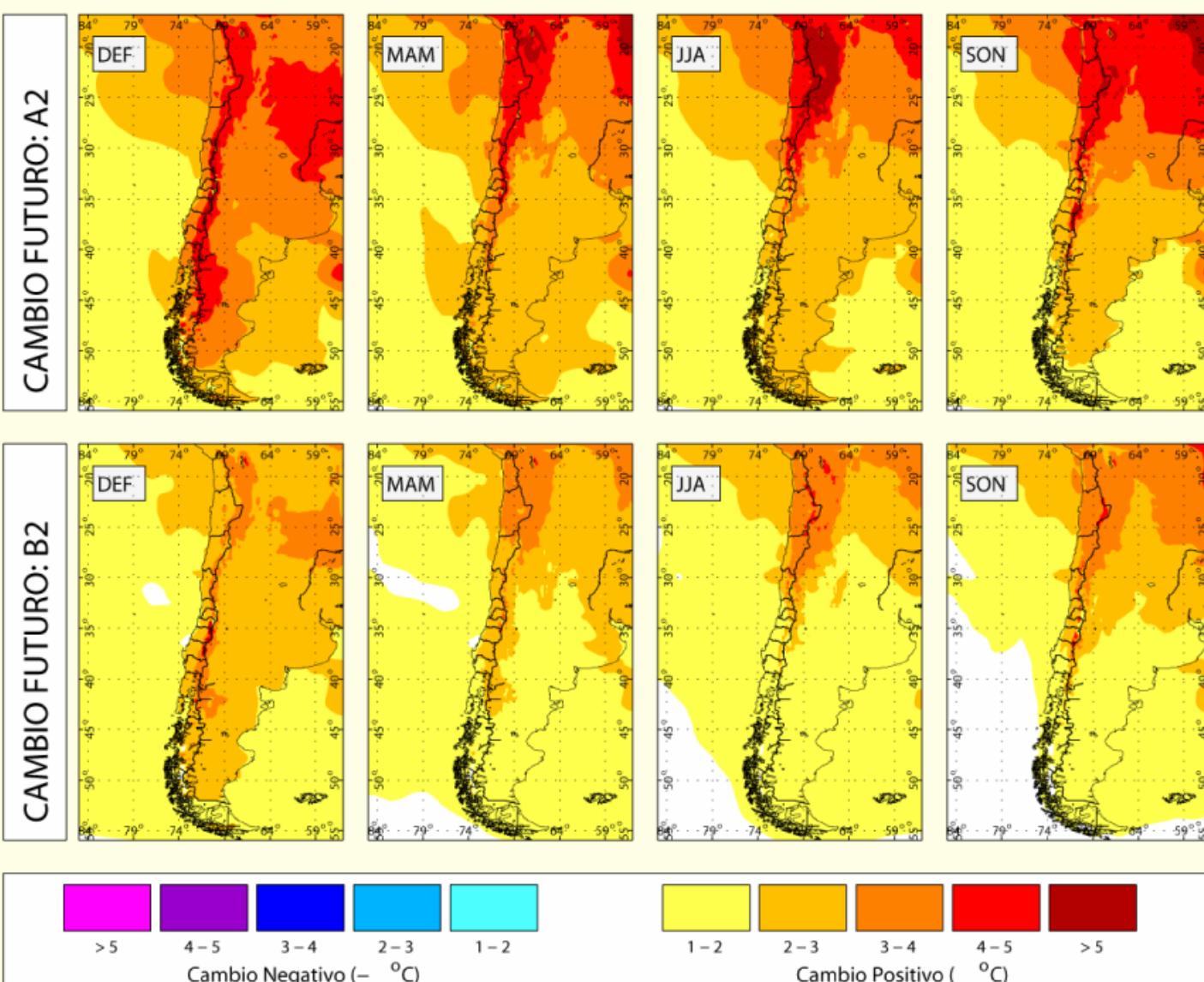
Simulations

- 1961-1990 Baseline
- 2071-2100 SRES A2 y B2
- 30 years @ 3 min → 4 months per simulation in fast PC

Surface Temperature Difference A2-BL

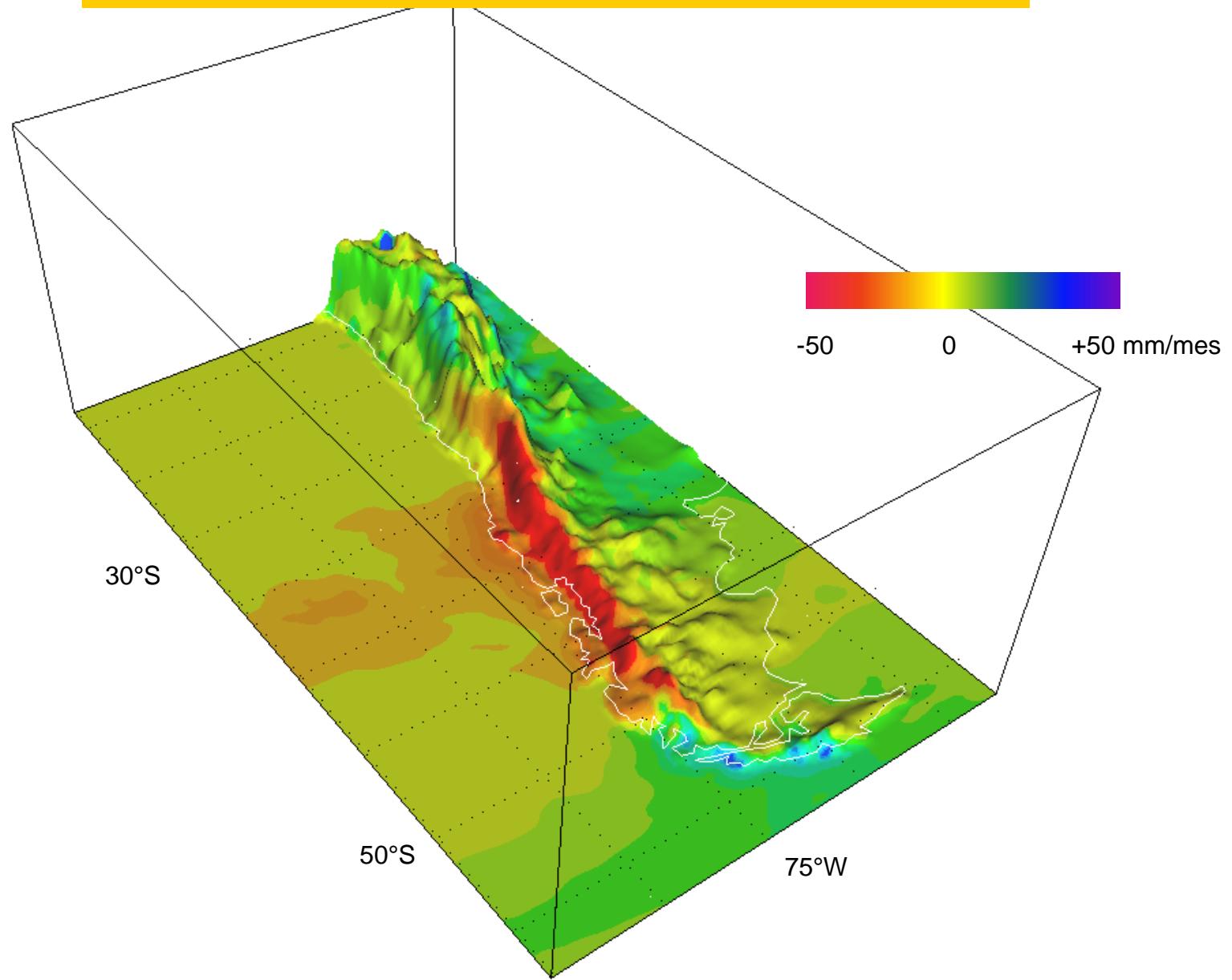


PRECIS-DGF $T_{\text{futuro}} - T_{\text{presente}}$

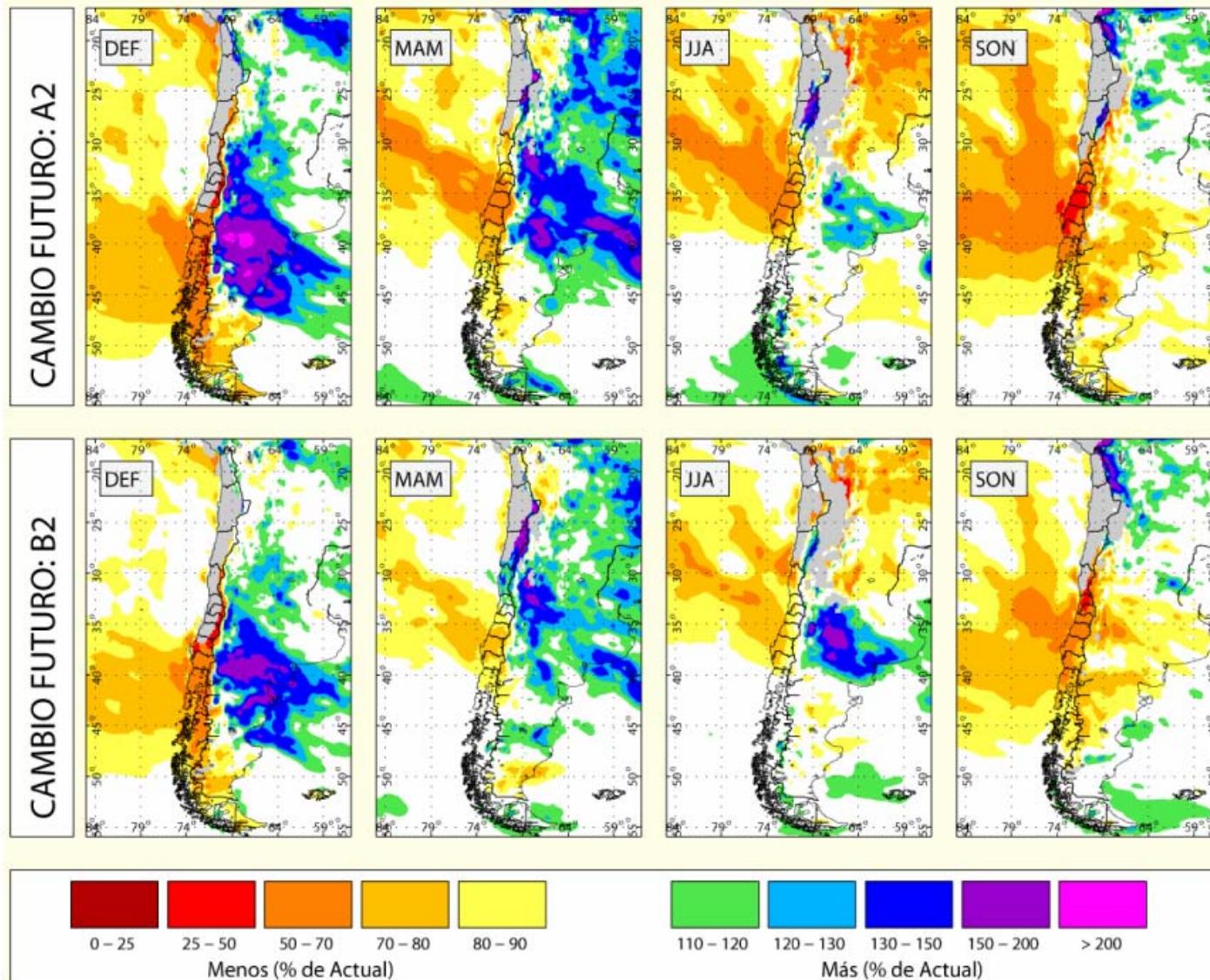


Futuro: 2071-2100 / Presente: 1960-1990

Precipitation Difference A2-BL

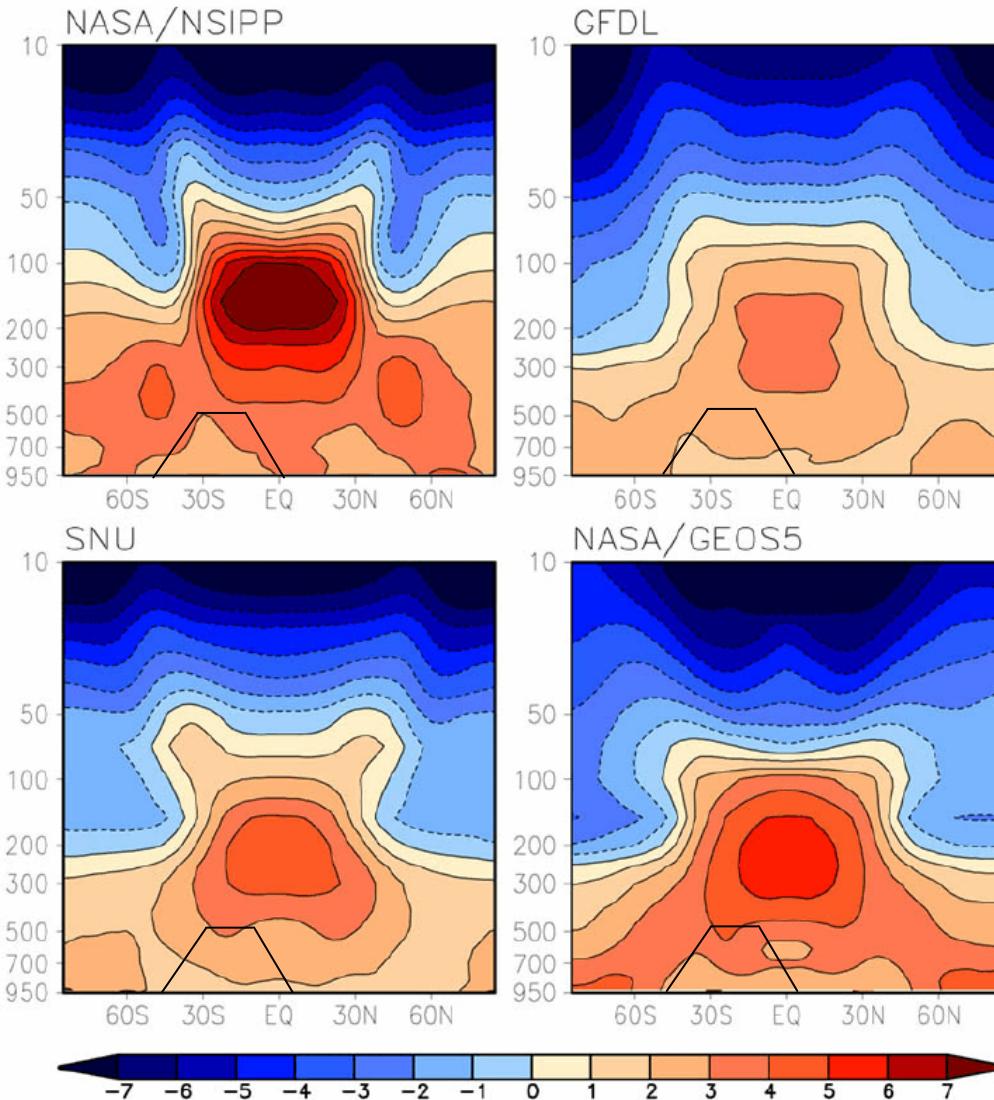


PRECIS-DGF $R_{\text{futuro}} / R_{\text{presente}}$



Futuro: 2071-2100 / Presente: 2071-2100

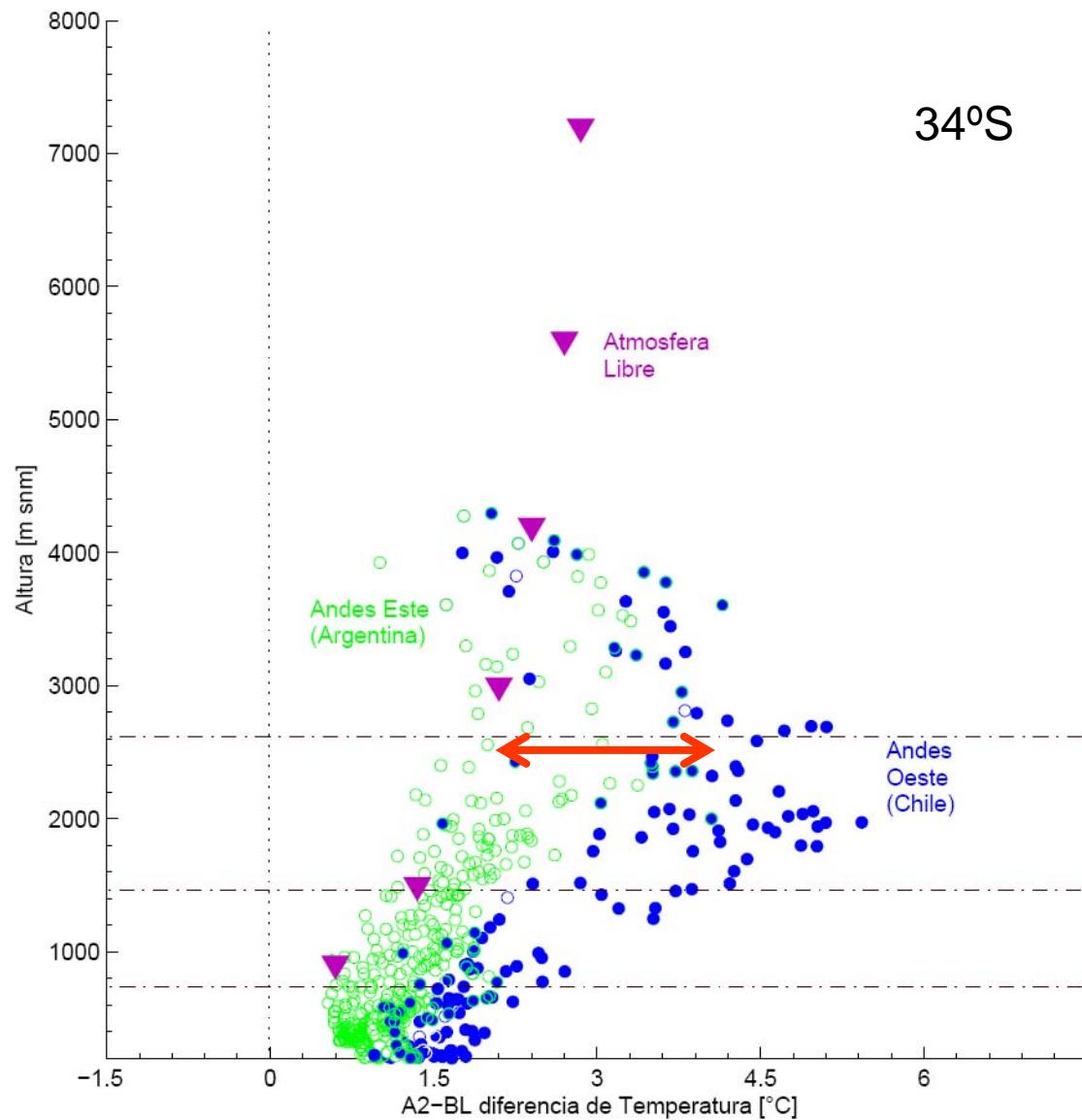
Zonal mean distribution of temperature change (2xC02-Ctr)



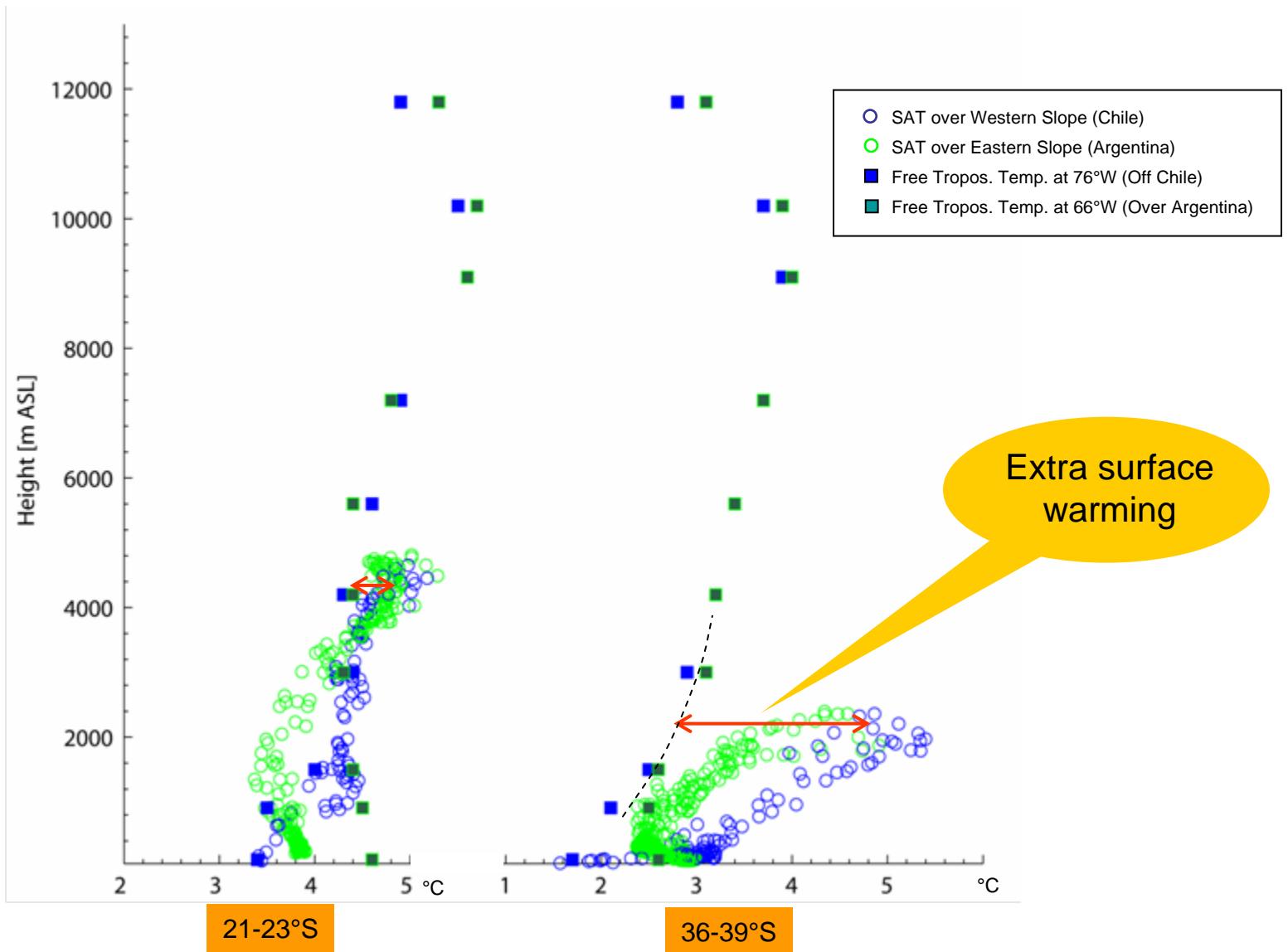
Zonal mean distributions of temperature change (2×CO₂–Control). Units are Kelvin.

Figure 4: Zonally averaged, equilibrated temperature change associated with doubling CO₂ as a function of latitude and pressure for four different GCMs. From Lee et al, 2007.

ΔT (A2-BL) versus Height

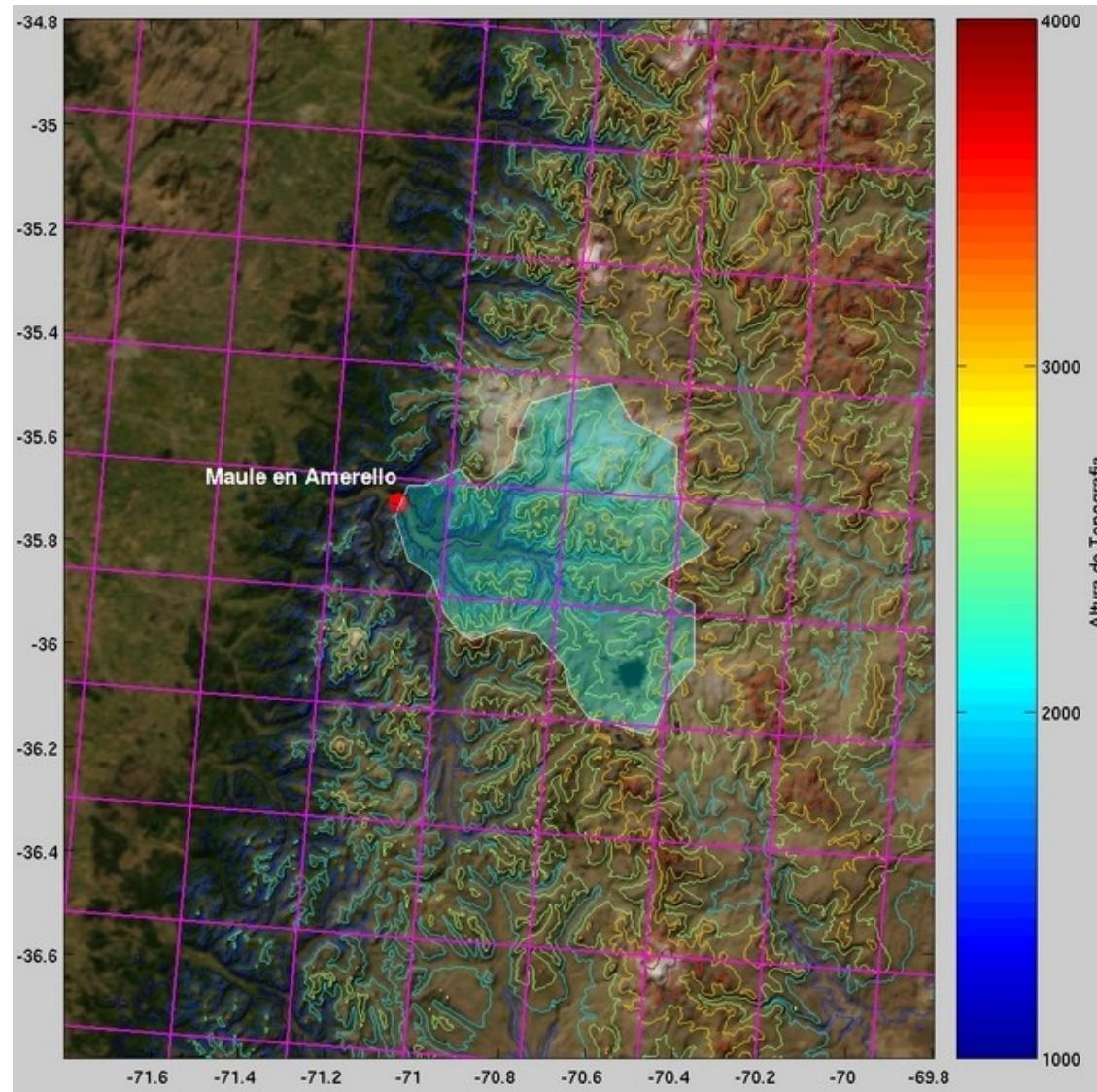


ΔT (A2-BL) versus Height



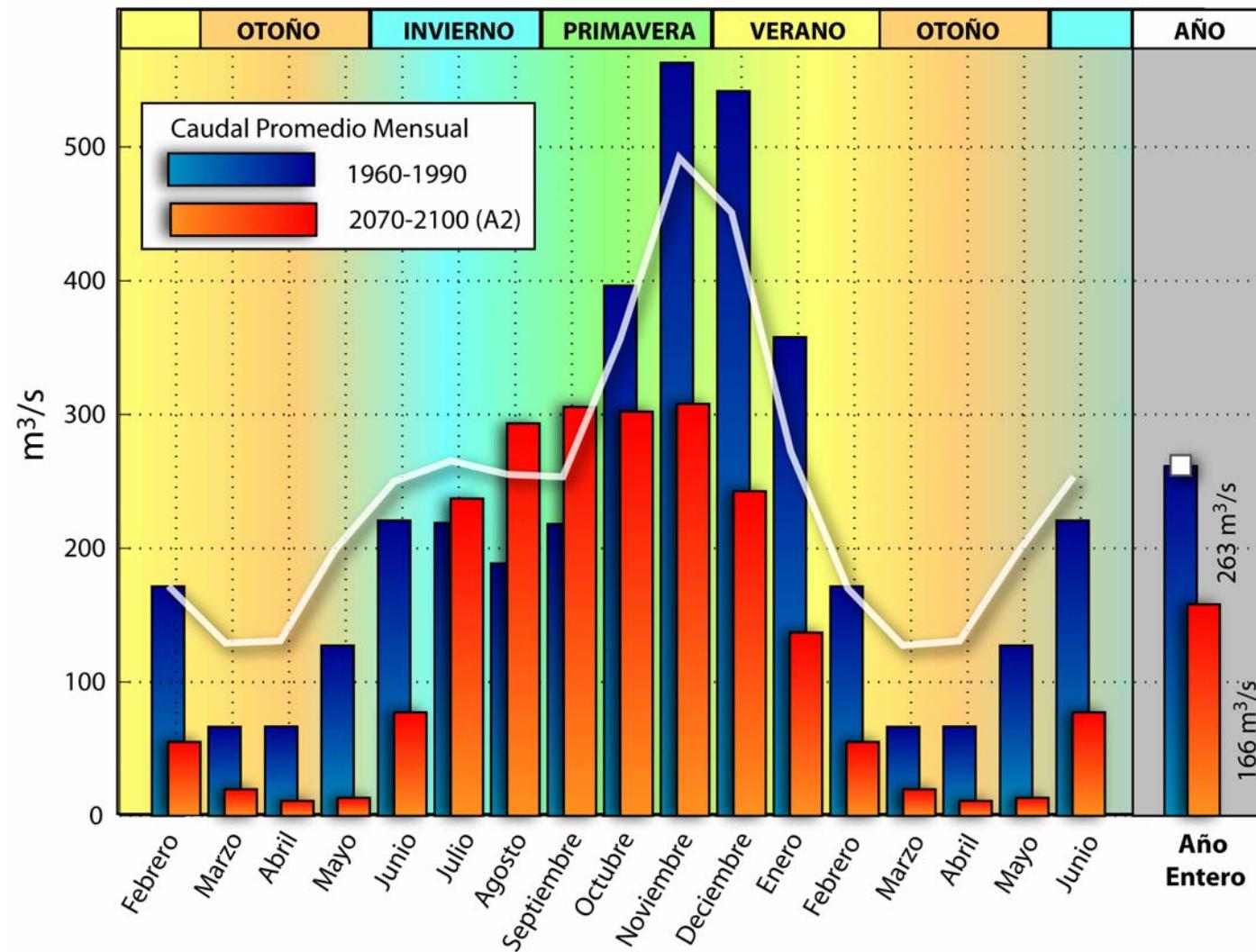
PRECIS-DGF

Acomplamiento con modelos hidrológicos.



PRECIS-DGF Acomplamiento con modelos hidrológicos.

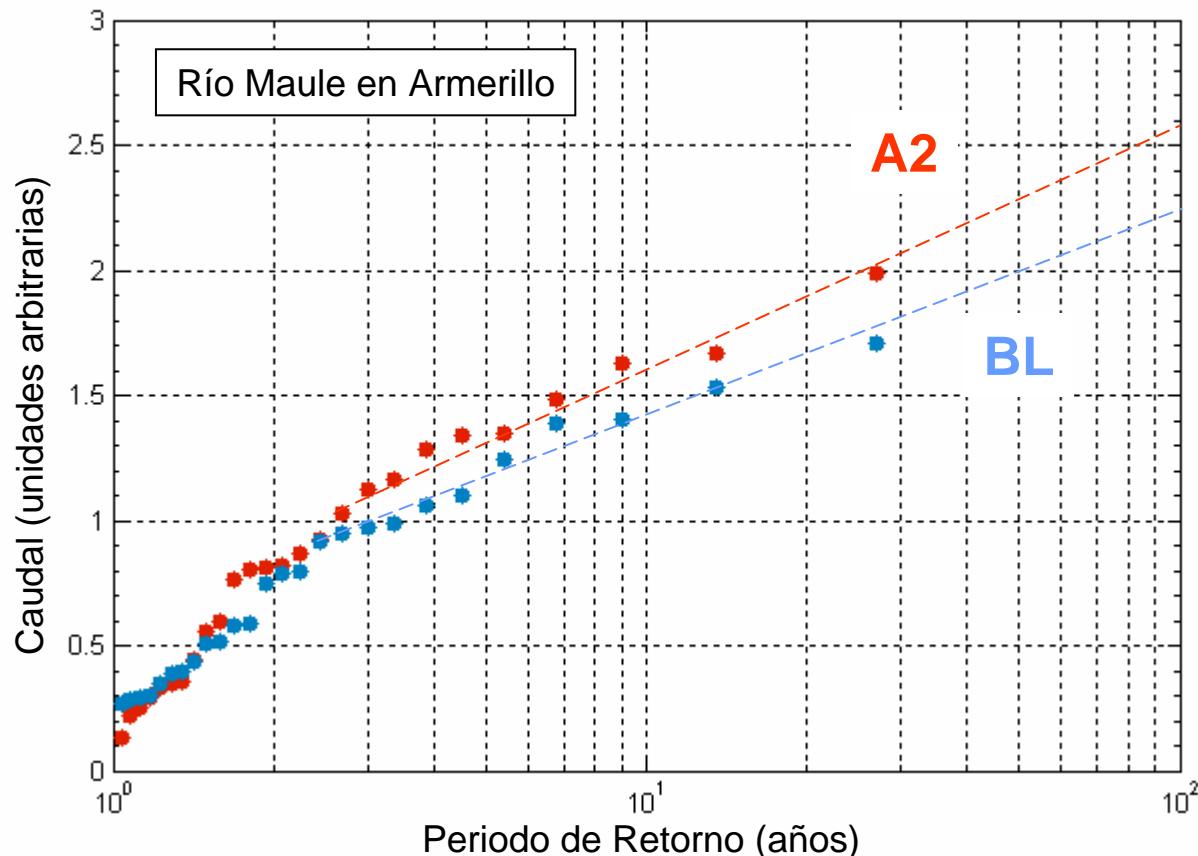
CAUDAL SIMULADO DEL RIO MAULE* - PRESENTE y FUTURO (A2)



* Rio Maule en Armerillo - Pre-Cordillera

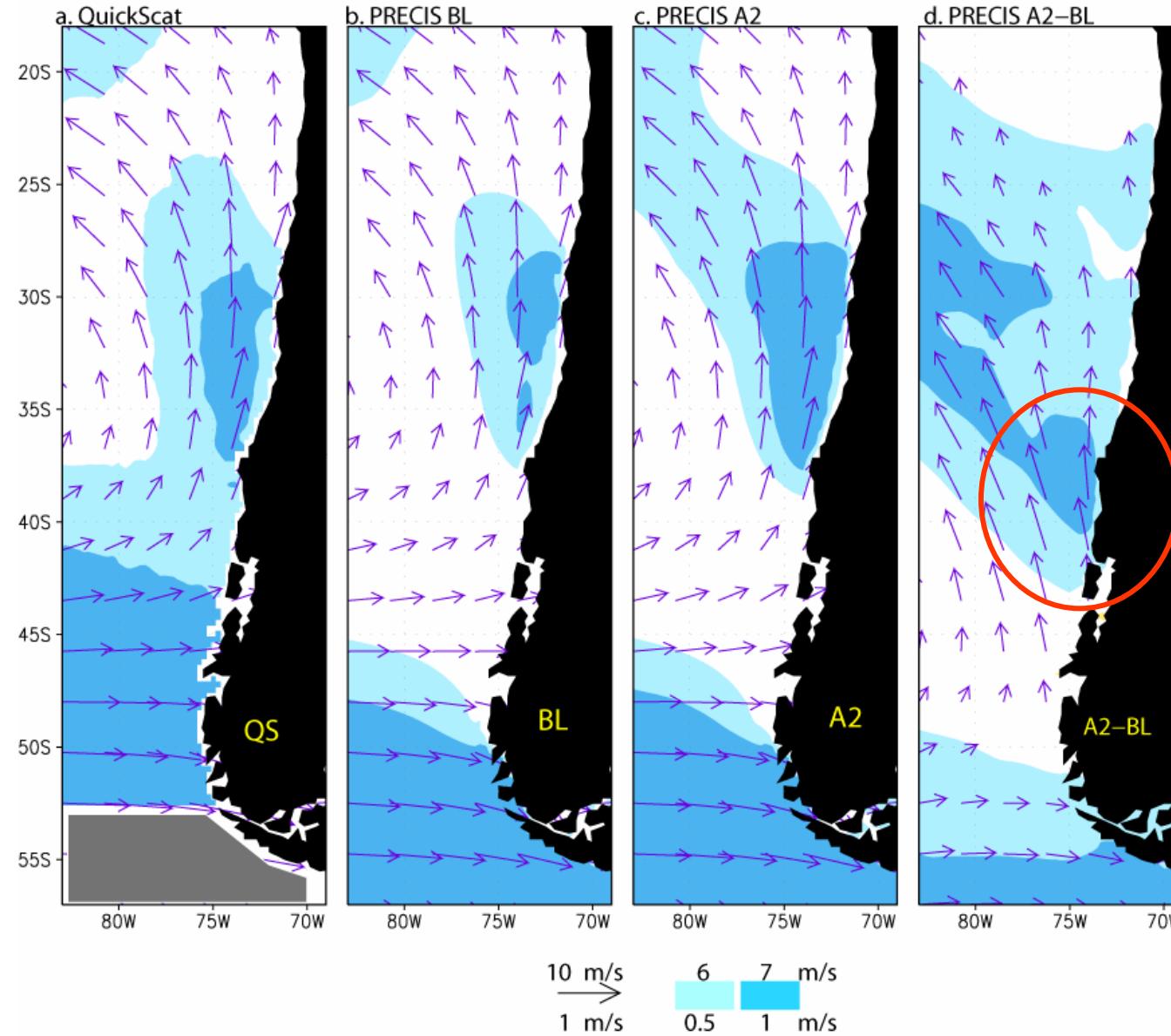
PRECIS-DGF - Eventos Extremos

Modelo hidrológico simple indica cierta disminución de **caudales extremos diarios** con bajo periodo de retorno pero un aumento de caudales extremos diarios con alto periodo de retorno



Resultados PRECIS: Viento Superficial

Surface Wind – SONDJ

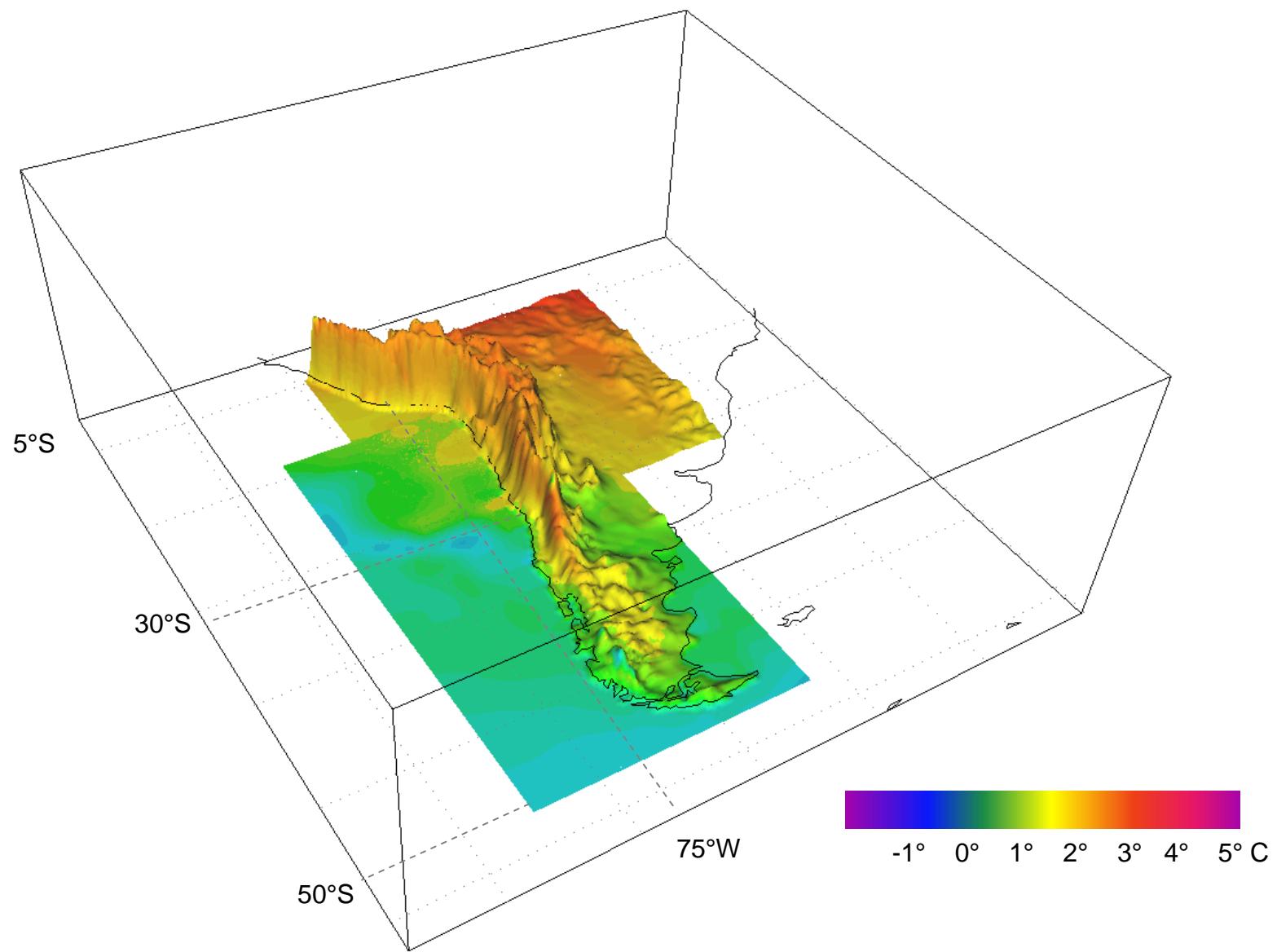


Consecuencias
biológicas a través
de cambio en la
surgencia costera y
turbulencia

Conclusiones

- * Existen manifestaciones del cambio climático asociado a los GI en las últimas décadas a lo largo del país.
- * Cambios proyectados son en algunos casos similares en magnitud y signo a los observados en las últimas décadas.
- * Zona centro sur afectada por disminución de precipitación (especialmente en primavera, ~1/2-3/4 actual), aumento de temperatura (especialmente Tx, ~ + 2-4°C) y vientos del sur mas intensos durante verano
- * Es tiempo de moverse a predicciones ambientales y construir una estrategia de adaptación regional / sectorial

Surface Temperature Difference A2-BL



Precipitation Difference A2-BL

